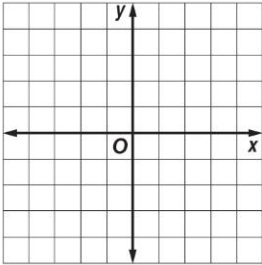


3-2 Practice

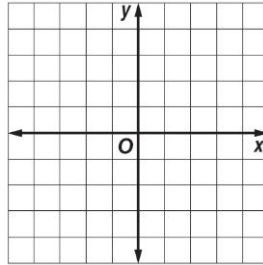
Zeros of Linear Functions

Find the zero of each linear function by graphing.

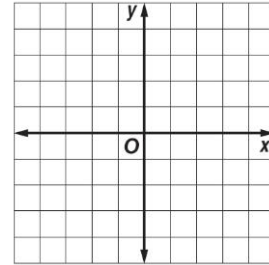
1. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 2$



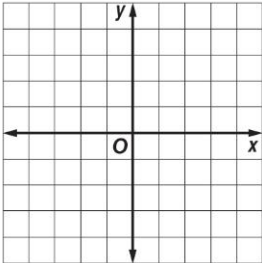
2. $f(x) = -3x + 3$



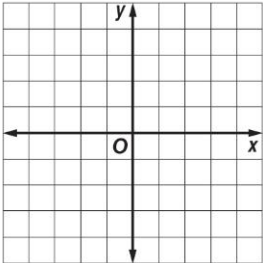
3. $f(x) = 4x$



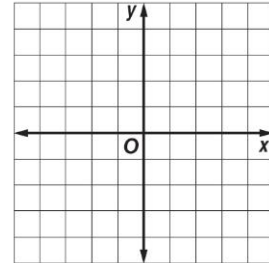
4. $f(x) = -3$



5. $f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$

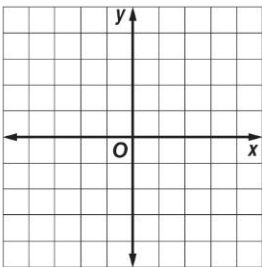


6. $f(x) = 1$

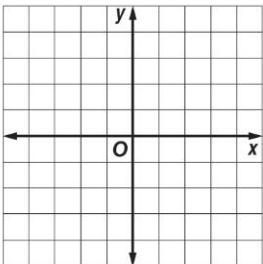


Find the zero of each linear function by graphing. Verify your answer algebraically.

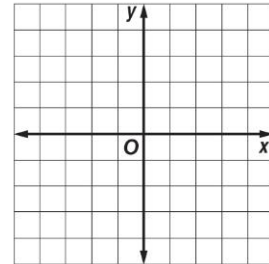
7. $f(x) = 2x + 3$



8. $f(x) = -5x$



9. $f(x) = -x + 3$



10. DISTANCE A bus is driving at 60 miles per hour toward a bus station that is 250 miles away. The function $d = 250 - 60t$ represents the distance d from the bus station the bus is t hours after it has started driving. Find the zero of this function. Describe what this value means in this context.

